







Features

- Up to 700 W output power, 25 W/in³
- Case operating temp. range -40°C...+85°C
- Efficiency up to 93 %
- 175x93x29 (mm) metal case
- Input ranges:230W (100-242 VAC) standard230 on request
- Power factor correction
- Output voltage adjustment
- Remote on/off
- Isolated aux. output 12 VDC (FAN)
- Max output capacitance not limited.
 Constant current (CC) mode when charging output capacitance.



Description

JETAs700 are the series of isolated AC/DC power supplies meant to work under both heavy electrical and environmental conditions for current projects using the previous generation of our units. Output power is up to 700 Watts, power density is up to 25 W/in³. Standard functions include remote on/off and output voltage trimming. The units offer you flexibility of wide input and temperature ranges of -40° to +85° C. The units feature a system of over-current protection and over-voltage protection. Its versatility allows you to implement the converter in a vast number of industrial applications, supplying capacitive, constant-power and impulse load. Application fields: low-high altitude, land transport, supercomputers, mining, equipment in high and low temperature regions, digital signage equipment, APAR radars and others - where there are needed low-profile, low weight and high efficiency.

series JETAs					
One channel 700 W model*	Input voltage range**	Power max.	Output voltage nom.***	Output current max.	Efficiency typ.
JETAs700-230WS12-SCN-A4		600 W	12 V	50.0 A	90 %
JETAs700-230WS15-SCN-A4	100-242 VAC (1s 264 VAC transient) or DC equivalent	700 W	15 V	46.7 A	91 %
JETAs700-230WS24-SCN-A4		700 W	24 V	29.2 A	92 %
JETAs700-230WS27-SCN-A4		700 W	27 V	25.9 A	92 %
JETAs700-230WS36-SCN-A4		700 W	36 V	19.4 A	93 %
JETAs700-230WS48-SCN-A4		700 W	48 V	14.6 A	93 %
JETAs700-230WS60-SCN-A4		700 W	60 V	11.7 A	93 %

^{**} Units with different input voltage ranges, may be provided on request (please check the selection guide).

^{***} Models with custom output voltage may be provided on request.

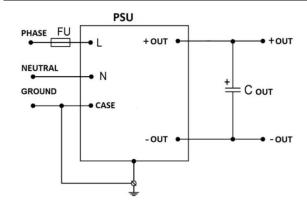
Switching frequency		150 kHz typ. (PWM modulation)		
Switching frequency	operating case temp.	-40° C to +85° C (Standard "N" range)		
Temperature ranges	storage temp.	-60° C to +85° C		
Over-temperature protection	Storage temp.	+90° C typ.		
Thermal mode and cooling method		conductive via heatsink		
Humidity (non-condensing)		5-95 % rel. H		
Insulation	input/case	1500 VAC		
insulation	input/case input/output, input/REM	3000 VAC		
	output/case, output/REM, REM/case	500 VAC		
	output/output	500 VDC		
Isolating resistance @ 500 VDC		>20 MOhm		
Thermal shock, mechanical shock & vibration	MIL-STD-810F			
Safety standards		IEC/EN 60950-1		
Typical MTBF	Pout = 0.7·Pout,max	40 000 hrs (Tcase = 50° C)		
Weight (max)		1100 g		
Input specifications				
Input voltage range	50 Hz	100-242 VAC (1s tran. 100-264 VAC)		
(with power derating)	accepted DC	140-342 VDC (1s tran. 140-372 VDC)		
Start-up input voltage	typ. 90 VAC			
EMC standard compliance*	CE MIL-STD-461F, CE EN 55022 - class A (class B with JETAF5 filter)			
Power Factor typ.	0.96			
Harmonics of input current	EN61000-3-2, class D			
Output specifications				
Power derating based on input voltage	linear derating from 700 to 5	500 W from 175 VAC to 100 VAC (for "230W" input)		
Output voltage adjustment	-20 % +5 % via internal tri	mmer ADJ		
Output voltage regulation	input variance Uin,min to Uin,max	±0.5 % for load 10-100 %		
	load variance 10 % to 100 %	±2 %		
Ripple and noise (peak-to-peak)	20 MHz bandwidth	<2 % for load 10-100 %		
	over-load	current source behavior:		
Protection	Over-ioau	current is limited at 110-125 % of lout,nom		
	over-voltage	<130 % Uout		
Capacitive load (max)		not limited		
Minimum load		not required		
Remote Off	Unit is shut down by applying 3-5VDC (≤5 mA) to "+REM", "-REM" pins or by connecting "AUX" to "+REM."			
Isolated aux. output	FAN pins	9.5-13 VDC, 200 mA max		

^{*} See product page for AC/DC filters at www.aeps-group.com.

Please contact the tech. team at $\underline{\mathsf{aeps@aeps\text{-}group.cz}}$ for more information.

All specifications are valid for normal climatic conditions, nominal output voltage and current, unless otherwise stated.

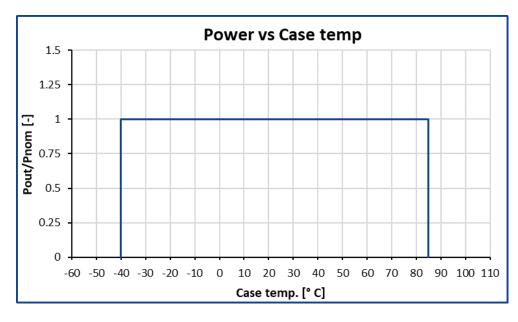
Typical connection scheme (minimum required)



When using the units with typical connection scheme it's necessary to use certain type components.

C out values – please see point 5.6 in <u>Reference Technical</u> Material on our website.

Power-temperature relationship and cooling principles



_____ Standard maximum power output based on case temperature.

Cooling method

The units don't include their own cooling system and may be operated only with a conductive (liquid) or convectional heatsink. Most of the unit's dissipated heat (93-95 %) is concentrated on the bottom surface of the unit, its base, which must be attached to the heatsink surface (aluminum or copper). Requirements for the heatsink surface (preferably milled) - flatness tolerance of the heatsink surface must be lower than 0.1 mm per 100 mm of length, with heatsink base at least 4 mm thick.

Unit's attachment to heatsink

When mounting the unit on a heatsink - screws tightening order should be following: first the central screw, then one pair of diagonally placed screws, then another pair of diagonally placed screws. First tightening of the screws should be done without force. Second tightening of the screws should be done with the recommended torque.

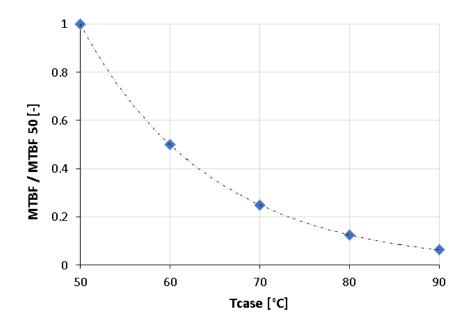
For quality contact between the unit and a heatsink - it's necessary to use thermal conductive paste with thickness less than 100 μ m, with thermal conductivity greater than 2 W/(K.m). Mesh stencil should be used to apply the paste in a pattern of squares (i.e. 2x2 mm to 4x4 mm squares mm with 0.5-1 mm spacing between the squares). This allows paste to be evenly spread in a thin layer and excess air to escape when tightening screws during unit mounting.

Short-term unit turn-on

If it's necessary to shortly turn on the unit for 3-5 minutes (for example for input-control testing), an aluminium (or copper) coldplate must be used as a heatsink. Its width and length must be not less than of the unit itself, with thickness at least 4 mm. It's prohibited to use the units without the specified coldplate.

MTBF based on case temperature

When using the unit, a customer must in one way or another monitor maximal heatsink temperature. Maximal heatsink temperature near the center point of the longer unit's side (considered as unit case temperature) must correspond to the expected unit's MTBF. Approximate MTBF function shown on the graph lower, where MTBF / MTBF 50 is unit's MTBF value at chosen unit's case operating temperature relative to value at 50°C unit's case temperature.



Thermal protection tripping

When internal unit's thermal protection is tripped (typ. +85°C ... +95°C) the unit is turned off (until automatic restart) and "OGOOD" outputs state becomes high-resistance (for models with OGOOD function). Such state should lead to measures of forced heatsink cooling, for example via fans turn-on. In case of long-term unit operation in such conditions (particularly in parallel connection modes or with close-to-zero loads) there is a possibility of failure due to frequent turning off and on at maximal unit's heatsink temperature. Time before automatic restart of the unit after thermal protection tripping can last from several seconds up to several minutes depending on thermal inertia of the heatsink.

Operation with shorted outputs

The units have a short-circuit output protection, which is for emergency only, not for long-term operation. It's prohibited to use the units with reversed input voltage polarity or turn on the units with short-circuited outputs (the units have the special detectors inside).

Reliability of parallel unit operation

To maximize reliability of parallel unit system (for case of failure of one parallel-connected units), while minus outputs (-OUT) are directly connected together - the pluses of the units (+OUT) should be connected through separating diodes. Usually, Schottky diodes with breakdown voltage at least twice of unit's output voltage are used for such purpose. PAR outputs of all parallel-connected units must be connected together.

If you have any questions please contact us directly at aeps@aeps-group.cz.

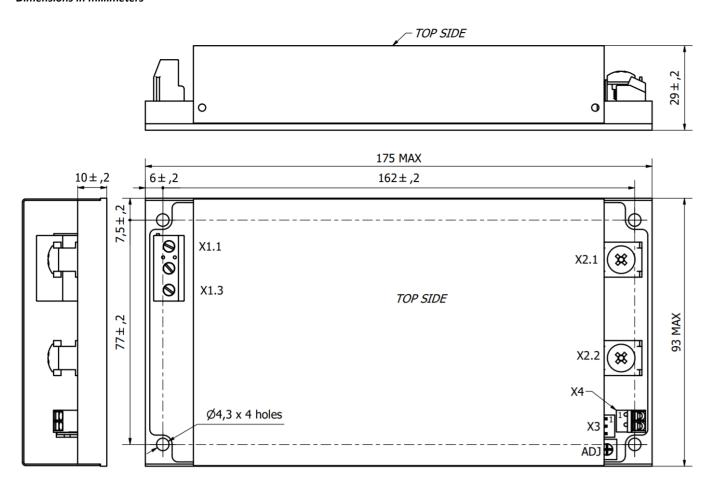
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Dimensions

X1.1	X1.2	X1.3	X2.1	X2.2	X3.1	X3.2	X4.1	X4.2
GND	Ν	L	+OUT	-OUT	+FAN	-FAN	+REM	-REM

Х1	RATED WIRE SIZE SOLID: max.: 4 mm² Stranded (flexible): max.: 2.5 mm² Stranded with Ferrule: max 2.5 mm² Screw size: M3 Torque: 0,5 Nm
X2	Screw size: M5 Recommended torque: 2 Nm Recommended: Use ring terminal, for example MOLEX 19323-0013, MOLEX 19324-0013
ХЗ	2.54 mm PITCH, HEADER connector, 0,64 mm square head profile
Х4	RATED WIRE SIZE SOLID: max.: 1.5 mm² Flexible: max.: 1.5 mm² with Ferrule: max 0.75 mm²

Dimensions in millimeters



Additional information

After ordering the product - the customer is fully responsible for applying the product in strict compliance with mentioned rules and principles of use in the product datasheet and reference technical material (RTM) which is downloadable at www.aeps-group.com.

Please, note that all information in this material is for reference only. Further detailed information (including: additional requirements, manuals and circuit schemes) is found at www.aeps-group.com or provided via an email request at aeps@aeps-group.cz. All pictures shown are for illustration purpose only, actual product appearance may vary, incl. inner components choice and placement and connectors placement.

According to company's policy in view of constant improvements of the production design the manufacturer reserves the right to change the contents of specifications and promotional materials without prior notice! Make sure you are using the latest documentation downloadable at www.aeps-group.com.

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